



Seeding Rates for Precision Seeded Canola

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Canola: Relationship between Plant Density & Seed Yield

- Yields are generally maximized at plant populations above 50 plants m⁻²
- Canola can compensate at low plant populations by increasing branching to maintain yield over a range of plant densities
- Uniformity of plants show to be important when plant density decreased





Figure 1. Uniform stands yield more, especially at lower plant densities.

Plant density (plants m²)

Canola Council of Canada. 2013. Canola Digest Science Edition. [Online]. Available: ttp://www.canolacouncil.org/media/546908/science2013/index.html#/3/zoomed



Seed Metering Systems for Air-Carts

UltraPro Roller

Valmar Roller





Study Objectives

- Assess seedling uniformity of the UltraPro Roller compared to a traditional Valmar Roller
- Determine if differences in uniformity affect minimum plant population require to reach maximum yield potential of canola





"Palliser's Triangle map". Licensed under Creative Commons Attribution-Share Alike 3.0 via Wikimedia Commons http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Palliser%27s_Triangle_map.png#mediaviewer/File:Palliser%27s_Triangle_map.png



Target 20 seeds m⁻²



Target 160 seeds m⁻²

Target 40 seeds m⁻²



Target 320 seeds m⁻²



Broken-Line Regression: Standard Error of Distance Between Plants vs. Plant Density 3.5 2.5 Standard Error 5.1 5 0.5 Plants m2

WAR

—High Yielding Sites —Low Yielding Sites

WARC

Broken-Line Regression: Seed Yield vs. Plant Density by Roller Type







Target 40 seeds m⁻²



Target 320 seeds m⁻²

Target 10 seeds m⁻²



Target 80 seeds m⁻²



Target 20 seeds m⁻²



Target 160 seeds m⁻²



Target 40 seeds m⁻²



Target 320 seeds m⁻²





Preliminary Conclusions

- Lowest seeding rate was likely not metered our accurately
 - It appears the UltraPro may more accurately meter out seed than the Valmar
- Increasing plant population rapidly decreased variability in distance between seedlings
 - Plant uniformity was affected by plant density, not roller type
- Plant uniformity does not appear to be as important as plant density/other factors in determining canola yield potential
 - High yielding sites needed 38 plants m⁻² to reach maximum yield, but uniformity was maximized at 27 plants m⁻²
 - Low-yielding sites needed only 17 plants m⁻² to reach maximum yield, but uniformity was maximized at 38 plants m⁻²



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